EMMANUEL MISSION SR SEC SCHOOL, BEAWAR

<u>ONLINE CLASSES</u> WEEK – 6 (20.05.2020)

<u>CLASS - VIII</u>

CLASS - VIII (Week 6)

English: Kindly see below

Hindi-I: Kindly see below

Mathematics: <u>https://youtu.be/QW4tCxQqbRM</u> Mathematics: <u>https://youtu.be/dqZ3BjO1ZOM</u> Mathematics: <u>https://youtu.be/8JAEG9fJHbk</u>

General Science: Kindly see below

Social Studies: Kindly see below

Sanskrit: https://youtu.be/gTOHq7Xku4Y

Computer: Kindly see below.

Physical Education: https://youtu.be/G5sWWkQnKLc

Music(Guitar): <u>https://youtu.be/Ejs7AqtAcVw</u>

Music(Keyboard): <u>https://youtu.be/_UkZXums3Lg</u>

Health & Sanitation: https://youtu.be/IRCd5ep7rYA

Art Education: <u>https://youtu.be/RxvfctNLZho</u>

ENGLISH CLASS : VIII Chapter : 1 Grammar Text Book

A. Identify the phrases given in the following sentences.

1. The baby is wearing a beautiful the pink frock.

Ans:- A beautiful pink frock.

2. Daddy always drives with care.

Ans:- Drives with care.

3. Grandfather likes to watch the match.

Ans:- To watch the match.

4. She likes reading good poetry.

Ans:- Reading good poetry

5. They saw a truck damaged in an accident.

Ans:- Damaged in a accident.

6. The athlete from Sweden won the race.

Ans:- From Sweden won the race.

B. Identify and name the phrases in the given sentences.

1. We are going on a picnic.

Ans:- Going on a picnic. (Noun phrase)

2. The girl at the back is intelligent.

Ans:- At the back is intelligent. (Prepositional phrase)

3. Rohit is a well behaved student.

Ans:- A well behaved student.(Noun phrase)

4. My sister eats very slowly.

Ans:- Eats very slowly. (Adverb phrase)

5. Waking late in the morning is not a good habit.

Ans:- Waking late in the morning.(Gerund phrase)

6. The lady making a noise is dumb.

Ans:- Making a noise is dumb. (Adjective phrase)

C. Identify the clause and name its kind.

1. If you make a promise, you should stand by it.

Ans:- Subordinate clause – Noun

2. I went to the school where I received my primary education.

Ans:- Subordinate clause – Adverb

3. He complained to the teacher, before I could apologise to him. Ans:- Subordinate clause – Adverb

4. He build a school in the village, where he was born.

Ans:- Subordinate clause – Adverb

5. She is the teacher, who taught me in class 4th .

Ans:- Subordinate clause – Adjective

6. No one noticed who was rendering the speech.

Ans:- Main Clause – Adjective

HINDI CLASS - VIII **पाठ-2 पुरस्कार**

- प्रशन 1. सही उत्तर पर (✔)का चिन्ह लगाइए-
 - (क) महाराज क्या कर रहे थे?
 - उत्तर जमीन के टुकड़े पर हल चला रहे थे।
 - (ख) मधुलिका कौन थी ?
 - उत्तर सिंह मित्र की बेटी ।
 - (ग) अरुण कहा का राजकुमार था?
 - उत्तर मगध।
 - (घ) दधि का तद्भव रूप है-
 - उत्तर दही
 - (ड) मुंशी शब्द का स्त्रीलिंग है-
 - उत्तर मुंशियाइन
 - (च) ' हाथ पाव ठंडे होना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है –
 - उत्तर मरणासन्न हो जाना।

GENERAL SCIENCE

CLASS : VIII

Chapter 3 : Synthetic Fibres and Plastics

ANSWER KEY

Multiple Choice Questions :-	
Q.1 Bakelite is	Answer :-(c) thermosetting plastic
Q.2 A number of glucose units make up the polymer	Answer:-(c) cellulose
Q.3 Polycot is made up of	Answer:-(c) polyester and cotton
Q.4 Synthetic fibres cause soil pollution because they are	Answer:-(b) non-biodegradable
Q.5 Synthetic fibres	Answer:-(d) all of these
Q.6 Rayon blended with wool is used to make :	Answer:-(c) carpets

Fill in the blanks:-

Answers:-1. Artificial silk
2. Newyork ,London
3. Thermosetting plastic
4. Thermoplastic
5. Polyester
6. Plastic

Match the items of Column A with those in Column B :-

Answer:-

1. BIODEGRADABLE	COTTON
2. TEFLON	NON STICK COOKWARE
3. MELAMINE	FLAME RESISTANT COATING
4. BAKELITE	HANDLES OF COOKWARE
5. POLYSTRENE	THERMOCOL
6. PERSPEX	LENSES
7.P.V.C.	FLOOR TILES

State True (T) or False (F) against each of the following statements :-

Answers:- 1. False 2. False 3. False 4. True 5. True 6. True

Short-answer type questions :-

1. What are man made fibres? Give examples.

Ans:- Besides natural fibres, there are other fibres made by man. These are known as man made fibres or artificial fibres. Examples :- Rayon , nylon and polyester .

2. Why do we need to blend fibres? Name one blended fibre.

Ans:- We need to blend fibres because blended fibre is generally prepared by mixing a synthetic fibre to a natural fibre. Polycot is an example of blended fibre.

3. Nylon fibres are used in making ropes for climbing mountains. Explain.

Ans:- Nylon fibres are used in making ropes for climbing mountains because it is strong, light, lustrous, elastic, does not absorb water, does not wrinkle.

4. What is the speciality of the fibre used for making an umbrella?

Ans:- The fabrics used for making umbrella contains millions of tiny holes which allow air to flow freely through it. The fabric also does not allow UV rays to pass through it.

5. What are the similarities between nylon and polyester?

Ans:- The similarities between nylon and polyester are strong, wrinkle free, retain their crease, absorb very little water and dry quickly.

6. Why are plastic containers used to store food items?

Ans:- Food items can be stored in plastic containers as they do not react with the material.

7. What type of linking is found among the units which make up plastic?

Ans:- Plastics are polymers in which the monomers are arranged in a linear manner or they may be cross linked.



8. How do plastic bags pose danger to cows feeding on them?

Ans:- Plastics bags swallowed by cows while feeding on garbage, choke their respiratory system or form a lining in the stomach which ultimately lead to their death.

SOCIAL STUDIES (History)

Class: VIII

CHAPTER: 2

The Establishment of Company Power

A. Tick the correct answer.

1. In the 1600s a factory was a mere	Answer: - Trading Centre
2. The Battle of Buxar came to an end in 1765 after the signing of the Treaty of	Answer: - Allahabad
3. Hyder Ali was the Commander-in-Chief of the	Answer: - Mysore army
4. Tipu Sultan was killed in the Fourth Mysore War in the year	Answer : - 1799
5. Nana Fadnavis was an able Maratha	Answer: - Leader
6. Who was the Governor-General of India when annexation of Sindh took place	e?Answer: - Charles Napier
7. Who is regarded as the founder of the British Civil Service in India?	Answer: - Lord Cornwallis
8. Which of the following Indian States was annexed on the pretext of misgovern	nance or mal administration?
	Answer: - Awadh
9. Which of the following Indian States was not annexed on the basis of the Doc	trine of Lapse?
	Answer: - Punjab
10. Who died fighting against the British in the battle of Seringapattam?	Answer: - Tipu Sultan

B. Fill in the blanks with the correct words.

1. Hawkins, the ambassador of	visited the court of Jahangir in 1609.	Answer: - James I,
2. After the Battle of Mir Jaf	far was declared the Nawab of Bengal.	Answer: - Plassey
3. Battle of Buxar was fought between t	he and the side comprising Mir Qasing	m, Shah Alam II and
Shuja-ud-Daulah.		Answer: - English
4. The English fought the third Mysore	war against	Answer: - Tipu Sultan
5 was the Governor-General w	when the Second Maratha War was fought.	Answer: - Lord
Wellesley		

C. Write True or False against each statement.

1. As a result of the victory of the Ottoman Empire over Asia Minor and Constantinople in 1453 all the routes were almost abandoned. True

were unnöst ubundoned.	IIuc
2. The Battle of Buxar was forght in 1770.	False
3. The Subsidiary System was introduced by Lord Wellesley.	<u>True</u>
4. Awadh was annexed in 1856.	<u>True</u>
5. The Nizam of Hyderabad was the last to accept the Subsidiary Alliance.	False
6. Punjab was annexed during the reign of Lord Dalhousie.	<u>True</u>
7. Hyder Ali was killed during the Third Mysore War.	False
8. The state of Satara was founded by Hastings after the Fourth Maratha war.	<u>True</u>
9. Nawab of Awadh accepted the Subsidiary Alliance in 1806.	False
10. Sindh was annexed by the British in 1845.	False

SUBJECT-COMPUTER

CLASS-VIII

CHAPTER-3

MORE ON MS ACCESS

W	rite (T) for true and (F) for false for the following statements in the boxes given below.
a.	You can create a Form on the fields of a table or Query table.
b.	Forms are useful objects used to display, edit and enter data from a data source such as a query or table.
c.	A select query is a type of database object that shows information in Datasheet view.
d.	The tables or queries from which a query gets its data are referred to as its record source.
e.	A Report can only be created by using the Report Wizard.
f.	Report lets you print data in a formatted manner on paper.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q1.What is a Query? What is its importance?

ANS 1: Queries allows you to retrieve and display information from table so that you can edit the results. Its importance is suppose if we want to retrieve information of any specific record it makes easy to find that record by applying query.

Q2.What is a form? Name the various components of a form.

ANS 2: A form is a database object which helps to enter and display data in a database.

The various components of a form are: Form layout, form style and form title.

Q3. How is a form different from a query?

ANS 3: Form is the way to enter and display data of a database whereas Query is to retrieve specific record from a database.

Q4. What is a Report? What purpose does it serve?

ANS 4: Report is a way for displaying and printing data from a database,

Purpose- Reports are used to display the results of a Query.

Q5.Define the following terms:

- (i) **QUERIES:** It allows you to retrieve specific information from one or more table based on certain criteria.
- (ii) **FORMS:** The way to display data from database and enter data in a database.
- (iii) **REPORTS:** The way of displaying and printing information from a database. We cannot edit the reports.